

MATHEMATICS-II

(2006 Onwards)

Paper-MATH-102 (E)

Option-II

Time Allowed : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt **five** questions in all, selecting at least **one** question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

UNIT-I

1. (a) Find the Inverse of the matrix, using elementary transformation method.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

10

- (b) Find the values of a and b for which the equations $x + ay + 3z = 3$; $x + 2y + 2z = b$; $x + 5y + 3z = 9$, are consistent. When will these equations have a unique solution? 10

2. (a) For a Symmetrical square matrix, show that the eigen vectors corresponding to two in equal eigen values are orthogonal. 10

(b) If $S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & a & a \\ 1 & a & a^2 \end{bmatrix}$, where $a = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{3}}$. Prove that,

$$S^{-1} = \frac{1}{3} \bar{S}. \quad 10$$

UNIT-II

3. (a) Solve the differential equation :

$$y(2xy + e^x) dx - e^x dy = 0. \quad 10$$

(b) An object whose temperature is 75°C cools in an atmosphere of constant temperature 25°C at the rate of kT , T being the excess temperature of the body over that of the temperature. If after 10 min, the temperature of the object falls to 65°C , find the temperature after 20 min. Also find the time required to cool down to 55°C .

10

4. (a) Find the solution of the differential equation :

$$(D^2 + 2) y = e^x + 2, \text{ by method of undetermined coefficients.} \quad 10$$

(b) Solve $(2x - 1)^3 \frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} + (2x - 1) \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = x.$ 10

UNIT-III

5. (a) Find the Laplace transform :

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{(i) } f(t) = |t - 3| + |t + 3|, t \geq 0 \\ \text{(ii) } f(t) = \int_0^t e^t \sin t \, dt \end{array} \right\} 10$$

(b) Find the inverse Laplace transform :

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{(i) } \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{\pi}\right) \\ \text{(ii) } \frac{1}{s(s^2 + 4)} \end{array} \right\} 10$$

6. (a) State and prove Convolution theorem and hence

evaluate : $\frac{1}{s(s^2 + 1)}$. 10

(b) Using Laplace transform, solve

$$(D^2 + 1)x = t \cos 2t$$

given $x(0) = x'(0) = 0$. 10

UNIT-IV

7. (a) Solve the following PDE :

$$y^2p - xyq = x(z - 2y). \quad 10$$

(b) Using Charpit's method, solve

$$Z = p^2x + q^2y. \quad 10$$

8. (a) Solve the Differential equation :

$$(D^2 - DD') z = \cos 2y (\sin x + \cos x). \quad 10$$

(b) A Square plate is bounded by the lines $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x = 20$ and $y = 20$. Its faces are insulated. The temperature along the upper horizontal edge is given by

$u(x, 20) = x(20 - x)$, when $0 < x < 20$, while other three edges are kept at 0°C . Find the Steady state temperature in the Plate. 10